# Security Criterion Analysis for Block Cipher Using S-Box Evaluation Tool and Cryptanalysis Tool

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#### ABSTRACT

Cryptography is a technique used to secure communication and transmission of data through an insecure network with a cryptographic system. It that means the data sent has been encrypt. A cryptographic system is a set of cryptographic algorithms that can improve the data security in order to maintain trust in the protection of more secure data [4][13]. To ensure the cryptographic algorithm is secure and able to provide high resistance against the cyber-attacks, the S-bot Evaluation Tools (SET), Linear Cryptanalysis Tools (LCT) and Differential Cryptanalysis Tool (DCT) are the relevant tools to evaluate the security strength for the block cipher algorithm. SET, LCT and DCT is able to provide an accurate computation analysis for the block cipher algorithm.

**KEYWORDS:**S-Box, SET, cryptographic, Linear Cryptanalysis, Differential Cryptanalysis

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# 1. INTRODUCTION

Cryptography is a technique used to secure communication and transmission of data through an insecure network with a cryptographic system. It that means the data sent is encrypted. A cryptographic system is a set of cryptographic algorithms that can improve the data security in order to maintain trust in the protection of more secure data [4][13]. There are two ways of encryption techniques, namely asymmetric encryption and symmetric encryption. The algorithm of asymmetric encryption is involve complex mode of encryption. This is because the asymmetric encryption is contains of keys and the algorithm involve the process of keys distribution during the data encryption and decryption for the data security [10][11][12].

#### 2. LITERATURE REVIEW

According to the researcher Wang's [2], the strong S-box is a critical part for ensuring the block cipher able to provide the security to the algorithm. In order to provide the strength of the s-box, the design of an evaluation on the security of the S-box and the design of the performance of the S-box is an important criterial[1][3]. Performance criteria are Balance, Bijective, Nonlinearity, Avalanche Effect, Bit Independence Criterion and Strict Avalanche Criterion [5][6][7][11] as projected in the Table 1.

Performance criteria	Jie, C., Wei, Y., & Hong, Z. (2015) [5]	Wei, C.C., Sharifah, Taufik, M., Udzir, N.I. (2018) [11]	Ronielle, B.A., Ariel, M.S., &Ruji, P.M. (2019) [6]	Ardabek, et al., (2022) [7]
Balance	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Bijective	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Nonlinearity	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Avalanche Effect	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Bit Independence Criterion	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Strict Avalanche Criterion	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

Table 1: S-Box Performance	Criteria	[5][6][7][11]
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### 2.1 Linear Cryptanalysis Tool (LCT)

Linear Cryptanalysis is a technique for attacking an SPN. It uses a linear approximation to an S-box to form a probabilistic assessment of the plaintext corresponding to an encoded message [1].

Denote the input bits to an S-box by  $X_1X_2...X_n$  and the bits of the corresponding output by  $Y_1Y_2...Y_n$ .

Perfect secrecy requires that the ciphertext give not indication as to the contents of the plaintext, so that for any *i* and  $j_i X_i \operatorname{xor} Y_j = 0$  and  $X_i \operatorname{xor} Y_j = 1$ , should each have probability of half [10][11][12].

### 2.2 Differential Cryptanalysis Tool (DCT)

Differential Cryptanalysis classified as a non-generic cryptanalysis technique. The purpose of this technique is to find the loophole of the block cipher and break the block cipher [11].

Cryptanalysis Tool	Guo, Q.L. & Chen, H.J. (2016) [8]	Al-Wattar, A. H., Mahmod, R., Zukarnain, Z. A., &Udzir, N. I. (2015) [12]	Lucia, L.B. (2011) [9]	Ayman, M.H. (2020) [10]
Linear Cryptanalysis Tool (LCT)	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Differential Cryptanalysis Tool (DCT)		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$

#### 3. RESULT VIEW

The experimental results shown in the Figure 1, Figure 2 and Figure 3 for the S-Box Evaluation Tool (SET), Linear Cryptanalysis Tool (LCT) and Differential Cryptanalysis Tool (DCT).

#### **3.1 S-Box Evaluation Tool (SET)**

C:\Users\User\eclipse-workspace\SET_version	_2\ 🗆 🔍 💌 🗶
S-Box Evaluation Tool (SET) v	2.0
Insert INPUT Size of M (8 or 16)	= 16
Insert S-Box File (.txt)	= sbox.txt
INPUT Size M	= 16
OUTPUT Size N	= 16
Status of S-Box	= Balanced
Nonlinearity	= 95
Corelation Immunity	= 0
Algebraic Degree	= 7
Algebraic Immunity	= 4
Confusion Coefficient Variance	= 0.101318
Press Any Key to Continue	-
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Figure 1: Result of S-Box Evaluation for the DNA-Based Block Cipher

# 3.2 Linear Cryptanalysis Tool (LCT)

Linear_Crypto - Notepad			
File Edit Format View Help			
Linear Cryptanalysis Evaluation Tools	~		
Strong Linear Approximations:			
Data Generator: $K1 = 140$ , $K2 = 221$			
Data Generator: Generated 256 Known Pairs			
Linear Attack: Using Linear Approximation = 11 -> 11	-		
Linear Attack: Candidate for $K1 = 167$	=		
Linear Attack: Computations Total = 66048			
Brute Force: Found Keys $K1 = 140$ $K2 = 221$			
Brute Force: Computations Until Key Found = 18463744			
Brute Force: Computations Total = 33554432			
Plaintext with Ciphertext Pairs			
112 82 78 36 49 140 100 214 129 170 39 117 45 76 13	4 197		
	0		
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4 11	• •		



# 3.3 Differential Cryptanalysis Tool (DCT)

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ſ	Diff_Crypt_Output - Notepad		<b>i</b>
1	File Edit Format View Help		
1	DIFFERENTIAL CRYPTANALYSIS EVALUTATION TOOLS		^
ł			
I	ROUND 4		
ł	Generating 12 Chosen Plaintext Pairs:		
1	Using input differential of 0x808000080800000		
Į.	Crackingfound subkey : 0x72811659		
1	Time to crack round #4 = 423 seconds		
I	POLIND 3		
q	Generating 12 Chosen Plaintext Pairs:		
I	Using input differential of 0x000000080800000		
I	Cracking found subkey : 0x3843300f		
	Time to crack round $\#3 = 250$ seconds		
I			1
ł	Generating 12 Chosen Plaintext Pairs:		
1	Using input differential of 0x0000000002000000		
I	Using output differential of 0x02000000		
I	CrackingTound subkey : UX2C284eTI		
I	The co crack round #2 = 105 seconds		
L	ROUND 1	77-75-45-	
1	Time to crack round $\#1 = 266$ seconds	k//essasc	
I			
I	0x2b0f5c6c = Subkov 0 : Baccad		
I	0x2c34ef1 - Subkey 1 : Passed!		
I	0x384a300f - Subkey 2 : Passed!		
ł	0x/2811e39 - Subkey 3 : Passed!0x2fc2ffc2ff - Subkey 4 · Passed!		
ł	0x77e35d5c - Subkey 5 : Passed!		
1			

Figure 3: Result of Differential Cryptanalysis Analysis for the DNA-Based Block Cipher

#### 4. **RESULTS**

The S-box Evaluation Tool (SET) has evaluated the AES block cipher algorithm and DNA-based block cipher algorithm using the properties of balance, bijective, nonlinearity, bit independence criterion and strict avalanche criterion. The results have met the balance and the properties of both AES block cipher algorithm and the DNA-based block cipher algorithm. The simulation results of nonlinearity tested using S-box Evaluation Tool (SET) and achieved a result of 95; the Strict Avalanche Criterion (SAC) valued of 0.5334, and the Bit Independence Criterion (BIC) has valued of -0.0264. The results of Linear Cryptanalysis for the DNA-based Block Cipher using the Linear Cryptanalysis Tool (LCT) shown the results is strong Linear Approximations with the computation in total of 66,048 seconds for the Linear Attack and computation until key found is 18,463,744 seconds for the Brute Force attacks.The results of Differential Cryptanalysis for the DNA-based Block Cipher using the Differential Cryptanalysis Tool (DCT) shown the results is able to provide the strong sub-key.

#### 5. CONCLUSION

Using the S-Box Evaluation Tool (SET), Linear Cryptanalysis Tool (LCT) and Differential Cryptanalysis Tool (DCT) is able to simulate the results of security analysis for the S-Box, and the block cipher algorithm for the Linear and Differential attacks. As the results, the DNA-based Block Cipher is able to provide the security of against resistance of Linear Cryptanalysis and Differential Cryptanalysis for the DNA-based Block Cipher.

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